Red & Green Words

Green words

Green words are words that your child will be able to *sound out* and then sound blend together, using the speed sounds they have learnt.

Your child will be able to read a book more easily if they practice reading these words first.

Red words

Red words are those words which contain spelling patterns that cannot be *sounded out*. Some of the most frequently used words in the English language have an uncommon spelling pattern and don't sound like they look, for example, said sounds like 'sed'. Red words have to be learnt by sight. These words are printed in red in the story books. Learning to read the red words is a very important part of reading and one which you can help with at home. Please remember you cannot sound out all the sounds in these words as some sounds are 'grotty'!

Children will be given 'Green words' in a word book to begin with, before moving onto 'Red words' when we feel they are ready for them.

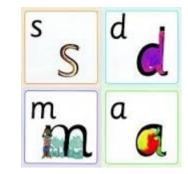
Red Words

Below are some of the Red words children will learn to recognise. Remember these words cannot be completely *sounded out* - they must be learnt by sight!

> I some the come you your said was here are were of there they to could all call love







A guide for parents

Dear Parents/Carers,

At St John's we use the Read Write Inc (RWI) programme to get children off to a flying start with Reading. This leaflet is designed to offer information about how you can help with your child's reading development at home.

RWI is a phonic based approach to teaching reading. It involves children learning to read sounds and how to blend them together to read words.

RWI is a successful reading programme that enables every child to become a confident and fluent reader at the first attempt. It aims to teach all children to read at a pace that they are comfortable with.

The children learn 44 sounds (speed sounds). These are the letter sounds and not letter names. The speed sounds are divided into small groups. Once your child has learnt all of the sounds in one group, they can move on to sound blending the letters in that group to read words.

The speed sound groups:

1. m a s d t

- 2.inpgo
- 3. c k u b
- 4. felhr
- 5. j v y w z x
- 7. sh th ch qu ng nk

For example, once your child has learnt to read the first 5 sounds: m a s d t they can then start to read words that include these sounds such as mat, sat, sad, mad, at etc. Your child will then learn the next five sounds and be able to read words with a combination of the ten sounds.

Types of Sounds

Pure sounds

When teaching the speed sounds it is very important that you do no add an intrusive 'uh' to the end of the consonant sound. Try to pronounce them as *pure* sounds:

'mmmm' not 'muh', 'ffffff' not 'fuh' and 'lllll 'not 'luh'.

This can be quite difficult to begin with but by ensuring only the pure sounds are pronounced, your child will find it much easier to *blend* the sounds to make words.

There is a video that demonstrates this on Youtube:

search for *Read Write Inc Pronunciation*.

Bouncy and *stretchy* sounds

To help your child remember his or her sounds we say that some make a stretchy sound and some make a bouncy sound.

Stretchy sounds are said in one continuous sound, e.g. mmmmmmmm as in mountain.

Bouncy sounds are said with a short sharp gap in between, e.g. d-d-d *as in* d-d-d dinosaur.

Sound blends

Your child is ready to sound blend once they have learnt the first set of sounds and can say these in and out of order. In school we call this *Fred Talk*.

How can I use RWI at home?

Help your child to learn the speed sounds.

(Please avoid using letter names with early readers)

2. Help your child learn to read words by sound blending (We call this *Fred Talk* in school)

3. Help your child read short sentences

(*Ditties*)

4. Read their RWI storybook with them regularly (when they are given one)

Simple Speed Sounds Chart

Consonants: stretchy

flmnrsvzshthng

Consonants: bouncy

b ck d g h j p qu t w x y ch

Vowels: bouncy

a e i o u ay ee igh ow

Vowels: stretchy

oo oo ar or air ir ou oy